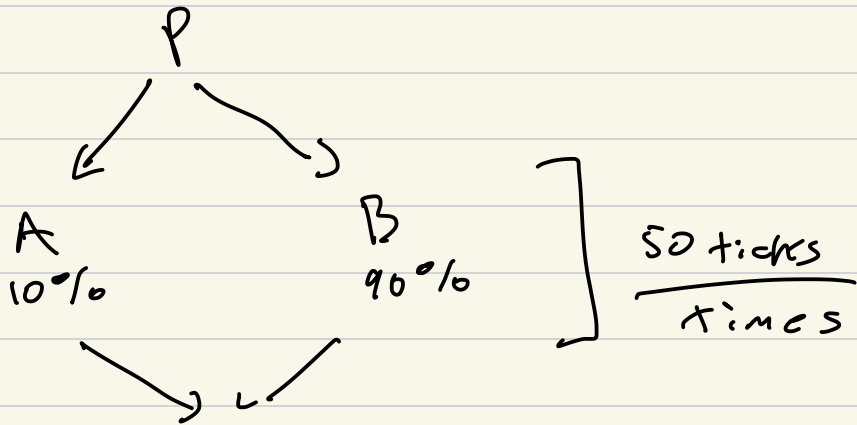


CS 326 Scheduling Implementation

Lottery Scheduling



setting ticket values

P
print counts

```
struct proc {  
    ...  
    int tickets;  
};
```

Scheduler()

```
if (sched_mode == 1) {
```

```
    proc table
```

```
        proc A      10
```

```
        proc B      90
```

```
    }  
        total      100  
        tickets
```

$w = \text{get_random_num}(100)$

40

$w = \underline{40}$

10



9

10

90

$$10 + 90 = \underline{100}$$

is $w < 100$

Willy

Sam

99

counter = 0

$w = 25$

$w < 20?$

no
counter + 20
↓

$w \geq \text{counter}$

ok $w < \text{counter} + 30$

$20 \leq \underline{w} < 50$

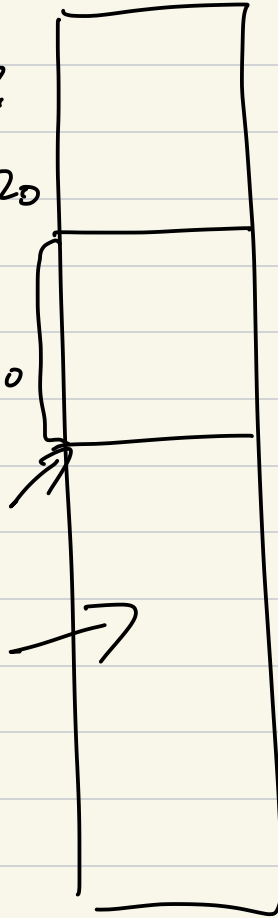
$w = 70$

ticket
quantities

A
20

B
30

C
50



Stride Scheduling

Each process has two values:

pass

stride

Algorithm

On a scheduling decision

pick process with smallest

pass value